

# THE WILSON TIMES.

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## SOLDIER WITNESS SAYS HE LOST JOB WITH VETERANS BUREAU

Washington, Jan. 26.—Declaration that he had been robbed and discharged as an employee of the veterans bureau after testifying in the senate investigation of alleged soldier hangings was made by Chas. P. Green of Minneapolis in letters and telegrams received by Senator Watson and read today to the investigation committee.

Green declared that en route to his home "American Legion friends" at Cincinnati had stolen his suit case containing his army discharge papers, decorations and other documents. On reaching Minneapolis he said he was informed by the veterans bureau that his services were no longer required.

Senator Watson said he knew nothing of the instances but added he would ask Director Forbes for a report.

In trying to place Green who had testified that the bodies of nine soldiers killed by the military police had been sent to Cheareu Roux the chairman recalled Green was the witness who declared Gen. Pershing was "a liar" and he had rather be called a member of the I. W. W. than the American Legion.

Three doctors testified yesterday there was no truth in Green's charges as to the nine bodies.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The charge that Col. Paul Malone now stationed at Camp Benning, Ga., shot and killed a soldier in France because he could not keep up with his command was both made and denied before the senate investigating committee.

When Col. R. C. Langdon of the army war college was called he declared that in his service of more than two years over seas he never heard of an officer shooting a soldier.

As the examination proceeded and Chairman Brandegee presented a letter from W. H. Newbold an attorney of Chester, S. C. saying Ivey Henderson of that city had stated he saw Col. Malone shoot the soldier.

He further declared the officer received twelve demerits for this.

Col. Langdon declared there were no demerits.

"Did you see Col. Malone attempt to ride his horse over soldiers?"

"No but I saw him ride behind some stragglers in urging them to speed up." The Colonel said Henderson was his orderly and he was not very bright.

Col. W. R. Sample of Knoxville, Tenn., a brigadier general in charge of advance section service of supply, testified in the area under his supervision there were four hangings. He knew of no others and declared he never heard of lynching or shooting of soldiers. Mrs. Mary Helen Furbush of Memphis, Tenn., a welfare worker overseas declared there was always a big crowd for the hangings at Issar Tille, two of which took place.

"They always had a big rush at the canteen afterwards," she said.

"Did you ever hear of soldiers being hanged without trial?"

"I did not."

## LABOR'S FRIENDS TO BE ORGANIZED

Would Throw the Support of Labor to Candidates Who Are Friends of Labor.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—According to a report published today plans for a coalition of all factors in public life friendly to labor have been instituted by heads of the friends of the sixteen railway unions and invitations have been extended for a general conference to be held here Feb. 20 to perfect such plans.

The purpose of forming such an amalgamation is to further the interest of labor and throw the support of labor to the candidates for public offices to it regardless of party.

Invitations it was said have been extended to the heads of the Socialist, non partisan, members of the "committee of 48" and the American Federation of Labor as well as their

## WOULD POSTPONE GENOA MEETING

Washington, Jan. 26.—Indications were given in official circles today that the United States is averse to participation in a general European economic conference if such a meeting should be set at the time set for the Genoa conference but would look with more favor on a conference set for a later date.

The Genoa meeting it is said would be in position to obtain more satisfactory results if more time were given for conditions in Europe to stabilize.

## FEWER JOBS FOR PITTSBURGH PEOPLE

Pittsburgh, Jan. 24.—Only 21,402 of the 217,321 persons who applied for work in 1921 at the Pittsburgh office of the Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry were provided with jobs, according to the annual report of Superintendent S. H. Thompson, made public today.

In 1920 the office found employment for 107,583 applicants.

## FARMER DIED MYSTERIOUSLY

Henderson, Jan. 26.—C. C. Pulley, farmer, about 35 years old, was found dead on the banks of Tab's Creek near his home in Watkins township this county yesterday. The body was lying near a moonshine still and some 200 gallons of mash were found. He is said to have operated the still. The coroner's verdict was that he was murdered by some unknown party. Investigation is being made. There were evidences of a struggle at the scene.

## BULLOCK WILL RECEIVE AID

Hamilton, Ont., Jan. 26.—Rev. W. Bullock of Washington, D. C., today joined his son Matthew and will aid him to fight deportation to Norlina, N. C.

The elder negro counselled his son against losing hope and intimated he would go to Ottawa to plead the younger Bullock's case with Dominion government officials.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 26.—The defense of Matthew Bullock, negro now held at Hamilton, Ont., awaiting a ruling on the deportation order will be considered by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People at a meeting tomorrow night.

## CARMEN ORDERED BACK TO WORK

Spencer, Jan. 26.—160 employees of the car department of the Southern Railway here, who were laid off Dec. 1st, were ordered back to work today.

For North Carolina cloudy, local rains or snows tonight or Friday, slowly, rising temperature in south and west portions, fresh north and east winds.

## GENERAL NEWS

A New York fur dealer is charged with being implicated in a conspiracy to defraud the federal government out of fur sales taxes said to approximate \$2,000,000.

Mrs. C. V. Garth with her baby escaped through a window when the residence of her mother, Mrs. A. Wexen, at Hickory was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning.

The pre-war dollar is now worth 72 cents when spent for meat and 68 cents when spent for other food stuffs according to figures compiled in Chicago. Eighteen months ago, it is stated, the pre-war dollar was worth 52 cents.

A committee to work out plans of the coalition has been appointed.

## GOVERNMENT SEEKS TO RECOVER MONEY ON WAR CONTRACTS

FROM AIRPLANE CO.

The Attorney General Alleges That Over Payments of More Than Seven Million Dollars Were Made to Dayton Wright Company and Wright Martin Air Co.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The government is ready to bring suits against the Dayton Wright Company and the Wright Martin Air Craft Corporation to receive a total of more than seven million dollars in alleged over payments on war contracts Attorney General Daugherty announced today.

The Attorney General said the war frauds bureau of the justice department cooperating with war department accountants had been working for some time on air craft cases with the result that the government now was prepared to begin suits for the recovery of large amounts which the reports of the government auditors show were over paid.

Government accountants had reported, he said, overpayment, to the Dayton Wright company amounting to \$2,554,383.27 and to the Wright Martin Air Craft Corporation of \$4,706,055.88.

## MARKETS

### COTTON.

New York, Jan. 26.—Cotton futures opened easy, March 16.85, May 16.52, July 16.15, Oct. 15.50, Dec. 15.40.

New York, Jan. 26.—There was a further decline in the cotton market at the opening today, all months making new low ground for the movement. Liverpool and the south sold and there was scattered liquidation on weak cables. February was 40 points lower at the start. The interest in February is a small one however and after opening 10 to 22 points lower with March selling off to 16.82 the more active positions steadied up a few points on covering.

N. Y. COTTON OPENED  
Mar. 16.87, May 16.52, July 16.05, Oct. 15.56, Dec. 15.46.

N. Y. COTTON CLOSED  
Mar. 16.40, May 16.10, July 15.70, Oct. 15.16, Dec. 15.03.

12 O'CLOCK MARKET  
Mar. 16.75, May 16.46, July 16.02, Oct. 15.43, Dec. 15.25.  
Spots, Wilson market 15 1-2c.

LIVERPOOL OPENED  
Jan. 9.75, Mar. 9.71, May 9.70, July 9.64, Oct. 9.34.

LIVERPOOL CLOSED  
Jan. 9.61, Mar. 9.55, May 9.54, July 9.50, Oct. 9.24.

CHICAGO GRAIN OPENED  
May 1.14 3-4, July 1.02.  
Corn, May 53 3-8, July 55 1-2.  
Oats, May 38 7-8, July 39 3-4.

CHICAGO GRAIN CLOSED  
Wheat, May 1.14 7-8, July 1.02.  
Corn, May 53 3-8, July 55.  
Oats, May 38 3-4, July 39 5-8.  
Call money 5 per cent.

12 O'CLOCK MARKET  
Wheat, May 1.14 3-4, July 1.01 3-4.  
Corn, May 53 5-8, July 55 1-4.  
Oats, 38 7-8, July 39 3-4.

### STOCKS.

New York, Jan. 26.—Bull pools resumed their operation in special issues at the opening of today's stock market. Crucible Steel and Famous Players made 1 point gains. Sugar and other food specialties were fractionally higher. Gulf State Steel rallied moderately but Electric Storage Battery eased.

## BRANDEGEE HAS AN EXALTED IDEA OF SENATE'S POWER

WOULD LIMIT PRESIDENT

There is No Use, According to Mr. Brandegee, for the United States to Enter Into Conference Economic or Otherwise as Only the Senate as the Right to Act.

(By David Lawrence.)  
(Copyright 1922 by The Daily Times.)

Washington, Jan. 25.—Senator Brandegee's pronouncement that the United States is not bound by the foreign policy of the President or Secretary of State without the consent of the Senate is the sensation of the hour.

Foreign governments whose representatives have been at a loss to understand the constitutional system of the United States ever since an American President signed a contract which the Senate repudiated are bewildered over the new turn of events.

The truth is a controversy has been brewing under the surface between President Harding's former colleagues on the Republican side of the Senate chamber and the Secretary of State which if carried to a logical conclusion may mean a revolutionary change in the importance of a Secretary of State or American ambassadors abroad.

Senator Brandegee is the leader of the "isolation bloc." But the views he expresses about the necessity of getting the consent of the Senate before any international act of the United States government can be binding is not something of recent origin. The late Philander Knox once a secretary of state himself became converted to that doctrine after he became a member of the Senate and it was with difficulty that President Harding coaxed him to eliminate from his famous peace resolution a phrase "directing" the Chief Executive to negotiate a treaty with Germany. Besides Senator Brandegee there are some Senators of the so-called liberal school and some Democrats of the William Jennings Bryan philosophy on foreign affairs who believe a diplomatic note exchanged between governments should not be sent without the full approval of the American Senate.

President Harding himself has recognized the weight of the movement which seeks to prevent the Chief Executive by a series of notes from committing the government to a course of action from which the Senate cannot honorably extricate itself. It is still a matter of debate in congressional circles whether the members who voted for the declaration of war with Germany after the Chief Executive had publicly proclaimed the step would have voted for war if the issue had arisen in Congress without any previous exchanges of notes on the submarine question by which the executive felt America, was committed to go to war.

The problem of an executive's right to negotiate any kind of an agreement with a foreign government has suddenly been thrown into maelstrom of after-the-war controversies, and while this question arose over the sending of an American representative to attend the Genoa conference, it will establish an important precedent. Mr. Brandegee of Connecticut doesn't deny the right of the President to send an Ambassador or any other personal agent to attend unofficially or otherwise an international conference such as is to be held at Genoa but he insists that neither the President nor his spokesmen can commit the United States to any policy which isn't first approved by the Senate. Whether it would be sufficient to consult the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate as in the past or whether a two thirds vote must be obtained before any important answer can be given is a question which is not yet able to tell her story.

COLORED HOSPITAL DESTROYED BY FIRE.  
Durham, Jan. 26.—Thirty persons were removed to safety when the Lincoln hospital a negro institution was destroyed by fire before noon today. The origin of the blaze has not been determined. The loss was between \$10,000 and \$15,000. The hospital will be rebuilt at a cost of \$100,000.

## INVESTIGATE WATER TRUSTS

Washington, Jan. 26.—Investigation by the senate of the activities of persons, associations, corporation and combinations commonly known as the "fertilizer and water power trusts" alleged to be attempting to prevent lease by the government of the Muscle Shoals plant is provided by a resolution introduced by Senator Harris of Georgia. Mr. Harris said he would ask for consideration of the resolution within a few days.

## MRS. HOOVER HEADS THE GIRL SCOUTS.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 26.—Mrs. Herbert Hoover of Washington today was elected national president of the Girl Scouts of America.

## TODAY DEVOTED TO ARGUMENTS IN THOMAS CASE

Concord, Jan. 26.—Arguments were continued today in the case of O. G. Thomas charged with the murder of Arthur Allen. Indications at noon were that the case would reach the jury late today.

## PROPAGANDA ABOUT MEXICO

Washington, Jan. 26.—Congressional investigation of charges that an "extensive campaign of propaganda has been waged in the United States and Mexico by agents and representatives of certain American oil interests" for the purpose of discrediting the present government of Mexico and preventing its recognition by the United States was called for in a resolution introducing Representative Connelly, Democrat of Texas.

## WON'T ELIMINATE CLAUSE OF ANTI-LYNCHING BILL.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Opponents of the Dyer anti-lynching bill were routed in the house today when they attempted to have the bill killed by elimination of the enacting clause.

The motion for eliminating the clause made by Representative Sumners, Democrat of Texas, was voted down 139 to 100, ten Republicans voting with the Democrats in the affirmative.

## GERMANY MAY NOT SEND ENVOY NOW

Berlin, Jan. 24.—The German Cabinet is deferring action on the appointment of an Ambassador to the United States.

It was said unofficially today that no selection would be made until the economic situation of Germany was clarified.

## MISSING WOMAN FOUND IN MT. GILEAD, N. C.

Ridgewood, N. J., Jan. 24.—A. Herman Bull returned to Ridgewood today, bringing with him his wife, Mrs. Audrey H. Bull, and their 7-year old daughter, Ellanore, from Mt. Gilead, N. C. The party left the train at Newark and motored to their home in Garfield Place, Ridgewood. Mr. Bull declined to discuss his trip.

No one was admitted to the Bull residence after their arrival except Dr. William Tompkins of Hokokus. It was said that Mr. and Mrs. Bull were suffering from nervousness. The physician remained in the house about an hour.

It is understood that no efforts have been made as yet to trace Mrs. Bull's movements while away. It was said, however, that this will be done when she is able to tell her story.

## WEEKS WOULD HAVE FORD PROMISE TO MAKE FERTILIZERS

REPORT NEARLY READY

Henry Ford Has Steadily Refused to Include Provision Guaranteeing to Manufacture Fertilizers; He Sent the Contract Back to Weeks in Quick Time.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Upon receipt of information that Henry Ford had signed the contract agreement for the purchase and lease of the Muscle Shoals, Ala., property Secretary Weeks began today preparation of the report he will submit to Congress which he will have ready within a few days. While the secretary declined to comment on the report one phase of the report, it is understood will call the attention of Congress to the absence from the contract of a provision definitely guaranteeing the manufacture of fertilizer by the plants after they are made operative under the Ford offer. Mr. Weeks steadfastly has favored the inclusion of such a provision in the contract but was unable to persuade Mr. Ford to accept the provision in the contract.

## THE SOUND OF CHEWING GUM IS THE WORST OF ALL.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 23.—The sound of the chewing gum, automobiles and jazz music were classed among the most irritating noises in answers received by members of the St. Louis Woman's Advertising Club from friends to whom they had submitted questionnaires.

Cream puffs were voted the greatest delicacy with mushrooms and ice cream ranking second and third.

Results on other questions were: That a kitchen should be colored in white.

Diamonds were preferred in a choice of gems.

Popular music was favored.

Whistles also were included among irritating noises.

## BURIAL OF POPE TOOK PLACE TODAY

The Body Was Enclosed in Three Caskets, Was Placed in Crypt at St. Peters.

Rome, Jan. 26.—Pope Benedict XV was entombed with solemn and impressive ceremonies this afternoon. His body enclosed in three caskets and dressed in the pontifical robes lies in a crypt under the great basilica of St. Peters to the right of the entrance.

The historic and beautiful ritual was witnessed only by members of the sacred college, members of the pontifical household and papal and diplomatic delegates.

### THE CLASS FOR BLIND.

Mr. B. H. Thornton of Sampson county arrived last night to take up work in the school for the blind being conducted at the county home. Mr. Thornton is forty two years of age and is unmarried. He lost his sight at the age of twelve by accident. He has no perception of light whatsoever except the brightest sunlight. The class is getting a good start in mattress making, basketry and chair seating not having been started.

## MRS. WATKINS OF KENLY IS IMPROVING.

Mrs. W. B. Watkins of Kenly who underwent an operation at a local hospital here a few days ago is improving.

Mr. Joe Turner of Hollins College, Hollins, Va., will arrive tonight to be the guest of Mr. T. F. Pettes.